



**EMWIS SEMIDE**

**IRRIGATION WATER MANAGEMENT IN THE MED COUNTRIES**

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# **Main topics**

- **Water resources. Demands. General balance. Local balance**
- **Legal nature of water**
- **Water governance**
- **Management of irrigation water**
- **Irrigated lands**
- **Irrigators. Organization**
- **Crops under irrigation**
- **Water economy**
- **Irrigation and environment**

# Activities

- **Collection of data**
- **Analysis**
- **Rapport**
- **Selection of cases of study**
- **Presentation**

# **Institutional Framework**

- **Global level: UN Millenium summit, World Water Vision, Framework for Action of World Water Council, World Water Forum (2th and 3th).**
- **Regional Level: EU, Barcelona Process, Euromediterranean Partnership. Arab Water Council**
- **National level**

# Basic dialectics

- **Water scarcity**
- **Stability of hidrological cicle**
- **Agriculture as biggest user of water**
- **Food security**
- **Rural development**
- **Sustantaible development**
- **Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRN)**
- **Users participation in water resources management**



## **Water scarcity**

**The average consumption of water for inhabitant diminished from 12.000 m<sup>3</sup>/year, in 1960, to 8.000 m<sup>3</sup>/year in 1990.**

**It hopes that in 2.025 it goes down under 4.000 m<sup>3</sup>/year. On this year it is predictable that the third part of the world population endures a strong increase of water.**

**In the arid and semi-arid zones, like Mediterranean ones, the water lack is associated with a strong overexplotation of aquifers**

## Dynamics of water use in the world over the kinds of economic activities (km<sup>3</sup>/year)

Sector	Assessment								Forecast		
	1900	1940	1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	1995	2000	2010	2025
Population (millions)			2542	3029	3603	4410	5285	5735	6181	7113	7877
Irrigated land area (mln.ha)	47.3	75.9	101	142	169	198	243	253	264	288	329
Agricultural Use	513	895	1080	1481	1743	2112	2425	2504	2605	2817	3189
	321	586	722	1005	1186	1445	1691	1753	1834	1987	2252
Municipal Use	21.5	58.9	86.7	118	160	219	305	344	384	472	607
	4.61	12.5	16.7	20.6	28.5	38.3	45.0	49.8	52.8	60.8	74.1
Industrial Use	43.7	127	204	339	547	713	735	752	776	908	1170
	4.81	11.9	19.1	30.6	51.0	70.9	78.8	82.6	87.9	117	169
Reservoirs	0.30	7.00	11.1	30.2	76.1	131	167	188	208	235	269

Remarks: Nominator - water withdrawal, denominator - water consumption

Source: Shiklomanov (2000)

# Caput water withdrawal for domestic and municipal usages in different regions of the world

<b>Region</b>	<b>m<sup>3</sup>/year</b>
<b>Africa</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>Asia</b>	<b>31</b>
<b>North and central America</b>	<b>167</b>
<b>South America</b>	<b>86</b>
<b>Europe</b>	<b>92</b>
<b>Former USSR</b>	<b>90</b>
<b>World estimation</b>	<b>52</b>

Source: FAO



# **Caput water withdrawal for agricultural usages in different regions of the world**

<b>Region</b>	<b>m<sup>3</sup>/year</b>
<b>Africa</b>	<b>216</b>
<b>Asia</b>	<b>446</b>
<b>North and central America</b>	<b>912</b>
<b>South America</b>	<b>282</b>
<b>Europe</b>	<b>235</b>
<b>Former USSR</b>	<b>832</b>
<b>World estimation</b>	<b>444</b>

**Source: FAO**

# **Caput water withdrawal for industrial usages in different regions of the world**

<b>Region</b>	<b>m<sup>3</sup>/year</b>
<b>Africa</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>Asia</b>	<b>42</b>
<b>North and central America</b>	<b>782</b>
<b>South America</b>	<b>110</b>
<b>Europe</b>	<b>385</b>
<b>Former USSR</b>	<b>346</b>
<b>World estimation</b>	<b>148</b>

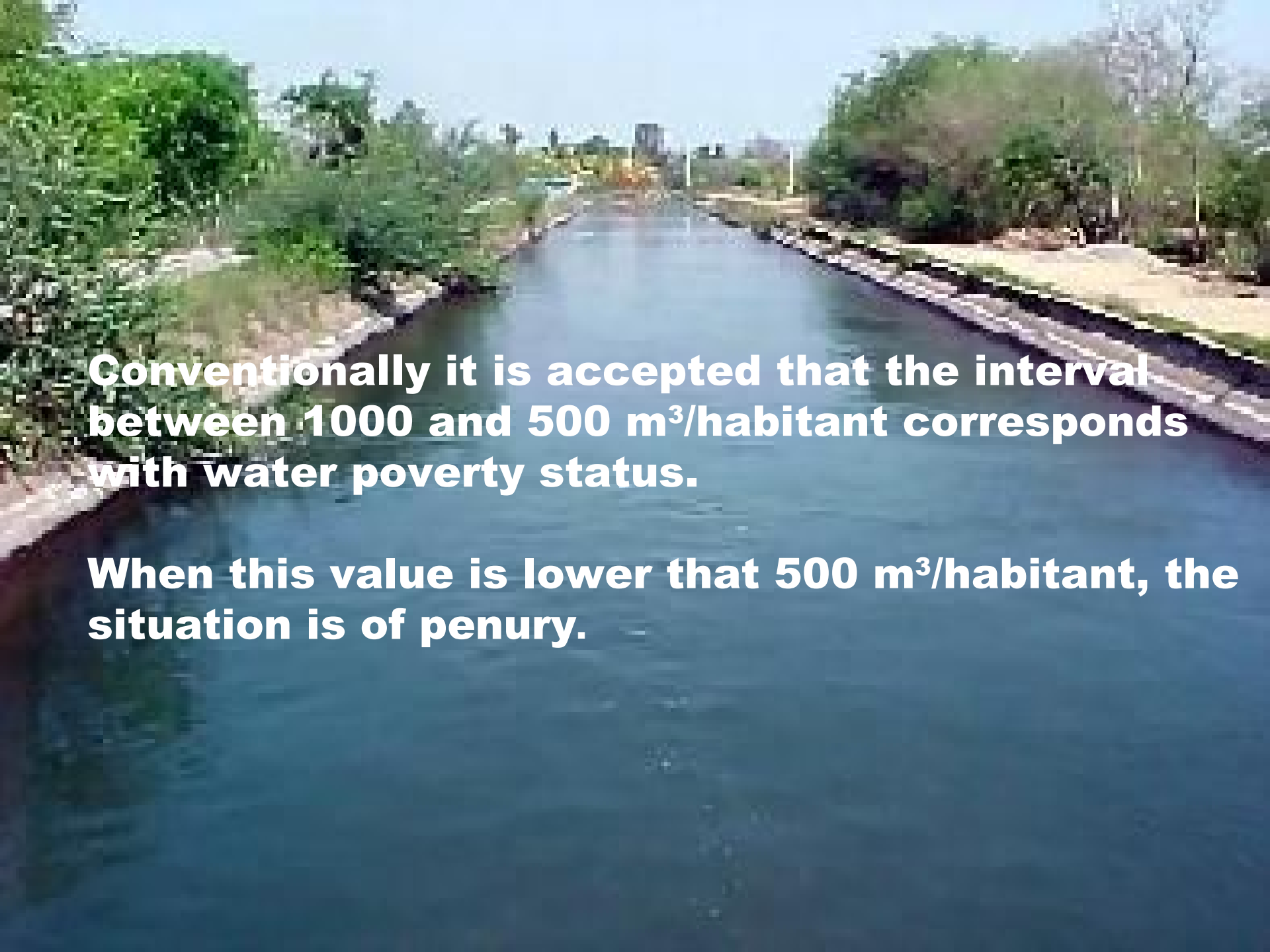
**Source: FAO**

# Caput water withdrawal for all uses in different regions of the world

<b>Region</b>	<b>m<sup>3</sup>/year</b>
<b>Africa</b>	<b>245</b>
<b>Asia</b>	<b>519</b>
<b>North and central America</b>	<b>1861</b>
<b>South America</b>	<b>478</b>
<b>Europe</b>	<b>712</b>
<b>Former USSR</b>	<b>1268</b>
<b>World estimation</b>	<b>644</b>

## Water renewable resources per capita in selected Mediterranean countries

<b>Country</b>	<b>m<sup>3</sup>/habitant</b>
<b>Morocco</b>	<b>963,5</b>
<b>Algeria</b>	<b>448,4</b>
<b>Tunisia</b>	<b>476,14</b>
<b>Egypt</b>	<b>847,4</b>
<b>Israel</b>	<b>333,3</b>
<b>Jordan</b>	<b>153,8</b>
<b>Lebanon</b>	<b>1242,2</b>
<b>Syria</b>	<b>1452,5</b>
<b>Turkey</b>	<b>3423,0</b>
<b>Greece</b>	<b>6789,0</b>
<b>Cyprus</b>	<b>305,8</b>
<b>Malta</b>	<b>144,7</b>
<b>Italy</b>	<b>3355,0</b>
<b>France</b>	<b>3472,4</b>
<b>Spain</b>	<b>2802,8</b>
<b>Portugal</b>	<b>6771,3</b>



**Conventionally it is accepted that the interval between 1000 and 500 m<sup>3</sup>/habitant corresponds with water poverty status.**

**When this value is lower than 500 m<sup>3</sup>/habitant, the situation is of penury.**

## **Exploitation index of natural and renewable water resources in selected Mediterranean countries**

<b>Country</b>	<b>Index (%)</b>
<b>Morocco</b>	<b>41</b>
<b>Algeria</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>Tunisia</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>Egypt</b>	<b>91</b>
<b>Israel</b>	<b>95</b>
<b>Jordan</b>	<b>n.a.</b>
<b>Lebanon</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>Syria</b>	<b>48</b>
<b>Turkey</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>Greece</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Cyprus</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>Malta</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>Italy</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>France</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>Spain</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>Portugal</b>	<b>n.a.</b>

**Source: Plan Bleu, 1999**

## Water renewable resources, water withdrawal and water consumption in selected Mediterranean countries (Km<sup>3</sup>/year) (2000)

Country	WRR	WW	WC	WC/WW (%)	WC/WRR (%)	WW/WRR (%)
Morocco	29	11,7	7,75	66,23	26,72	40,34
Algeria	13,9	5,91	2,9	49,06	20,86	42,51
Tunisia	4,59	3,14	2,63	83,75	57,29	68,40
Egypt	58,3	54,3	38	69,98	65,18	93,13
Israel	2	2,03	1,3	64,03	65,00	101,50
Jordan	1	1,19	0,66	55,46	66,00	119,00
Lebanon	4	1,75	1,05	60,00	26,25	43,75
Syria	26	11,6	8,2	70,68	31,53	44,61
Turkey	229	35	21,3	60,85	9,30	15,28
Greece	74	8,7	na	na	na	11,75
Cyprus	0,2	0,211	na	na	na	1
Malta	0,05	0,055	na	na	na	1
Italy	191	56,6	29,2	51,59	15,28	29,63
France	204	37,7	10,5	27,85	5,14	18,48
Spain	112	44,1	25,1	56,91	22,41	39,37
Portugal	69	8,3	4,43	53,37	6,42	12,02
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1.018,04</b>					

Remarks. WRR: water renewable resources. WW: water withdrawal. WC: water consumption.

## Water renewable resources, water withdrawal and water consumption in selected Mediterranean countries (Km<sup>3</sup>/year) (2025)

Country	WRR	WW	WC	WC/WW (%)	WC/WRR (%)	WW/WRR (%)
Morocco	29	15,1	10,3	68,21	35,51	52,06
Algeria	13,9	9,9	4,24	42,82	30,50	71,22
Tunisia	4,59	3,5	2,89	82,57	62,96	76,25
Egypt	58,3	67,7	40,4	59,67	69,29	116,12
Israel	2	2,3	1,3	56,52	65,00	115,00
Jordan	1	2,5	1,44	57,60	14,00	250,00
Lebanon	4	3	1,49	49,66	37,25	75,00
Syria	26	17,9	11,8	65,92	45,38	68,84
Turkey	229	50,1	28,7	57,28	12,53	21,87
Greece	74	na	na	na	na	Na
Cyprus	0,2	na	na	na	na	Na
Malta	0,05	Na	na	na	na	Na
Italy	191	58,9	27,3	46,34	14,29	30,83
France	204	42,2	12	28,43	5,88	20,68
Spain	112	50	27	54,00	24,10	44,64
Portugal	69	8,5	4,63	54,47	6,710	12,31
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1.018,04</b>					

Remarks. WRR: water renewable resources. WW: water withdrawal. WC: water consumption.



**Population growth inference for the period 2000-2025 in selected countries  
of Mediterranean Region (Thousands of habitants)**

<b>Sub-region</b>	<b>Countries</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>Difference</b>	<b>Annual growth</b>	
<b>South</b>	Morocco	29231	40280	11049	1,511	
	Algeria	30463	42871	12408	1,62	
	Tunisia	9563	12028	2465	1,03	
	Egypt	67285	101092	33807	2,00	
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>136542</b>	<b>196271</b>	<b>59729</b>	<b>1,74</b>	
<b>East</b>	Palestina	3150	6422	3272	4,15	
	Israel	6084	8734	2650	1,74	
	Jordan	4972	8134	3162	2,54	
	Lebanon	3398	4297	899	1,05	
	Syria	16813	28081	11268	2,68	
	Turkey	68234	90565	22331	1,30	
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>102651</b>	<b>146233</b>	<b>43582</b>	<b>1,69</b>	
	<b>North</b>	Greece	10975	11173	198	0,07
		Cyprus	786	1014	228	1,16
Malta		392	432	40	0,40	
Italia		57715	56307	-1408	0,09	
Francia		59278	63407	4129	0,27	
Spain		40717	44244	3527	0,34	
Portugal		10225	10924	699	0,27	
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>180088</b>	<b>1875501</b>	<b>7413</b>	<b>0,16</b>	



## **Stability of Hydrologic Cycle**

**The forecasts are based on a relative stability of hydrologic cycle.**

**The climatic change effects are not under quantitative evaluation.**

**There are agreement on increase the frequency of drought and flood periods**

## Water use by the main demands in selected countries of Mediterranean region (%)

Country	Agriculture	Industry	Domestic	Year
Morocco	88	2	10	1998
Algeria	52	14	34	1995
Tunisia	86	1	13	1996
Egypt	82	11	7	1996
Israel	54	7	39	1997
Jordan	75	3	22	1992
Lebanon	67	6	27	1996
Syria	90	2	8	1995
Turkey	72	12	16	1997
Greece	87	3	10	1997
Cyprus	83	0	17	1998
Malta	97	0	3	1998
Italy	47	34	19	1998
France	10	72	18	1997
Spain	68	19	13	1997
Portugal	48	37	15	1990

## Values of gross domestic product, in thousand millions USD, and its agricultural participation (%)

Country	GDP	%		
		Agriculture	Industry	Services
Morocco	128,3 (4)	22,9	35,45	41,5
Algeria	196,0 (3)	10,2	56,5	33,4
Tunisia	68,23 (4)	13,9	32,2	53,9
Egypt	294,3 (3)	17,0	33,0	50,0
Israel	120,9 (4)	2,8	37,7	59,5
Jordan	23,64 (4)	3,6	29,0	67,4
Lebanon	17,82 (4)	12,0	21,0	67,0
Syria	58,01 (4)	28,5	29,4	42,1
Turkey	455,3 (3)	11,7	29,8	58,5
Greece	212,2 (3)	6,7	22	71,2
Cyprus (Gr)	8,90 (3)	4,9	19,9	75,6
Cyprus (Tk)	1,22 (3)	10,6	20,5	68,9
Malta	7,082 (3)	3,0	23,0	74,0
Italia	1.552 (3)	2,2	28,9	68,9
Francia	1.654 (3)	2,7	24,4	72,9
España	885,5 (4)	3,6	28,6	67,8
Portugal	181,8 (4)	5,8	30,7	63,2

## Specific water demand for primary vegetal products

<b>Products</b>	<b>Specific water demand (m<sup>3</sup>/t)</b>
<b>Oranges</b>	<b>378</b>
<b>Patatoes</b>	<b>105</b>
<b>Pineapples</b>	<b>418</b>
<b>Pulses</b>	<b>1.754</b>
<b>Rice</b>	<b>1.408</b>
<b>Rye</b>	<b>1.159</b>
<b>Sorghum</b>	<b>542</b>
<b>Soybeans</b>	<b>2.752</b>
<b>Sugar beet</b>	<b>193</b>
<b>Sugar cane</b>	<b>318</b>
<b>Sunflower</b>	<b>3.283</b>
<b>Tomatoes</b>	<b>130</b>
<b>Tree nuts</b>	<b>4.936</b>
<b>Wheat</b>	<b>1.159</b>

Source: FAO, WATER COUNCIL, 2003

## Specific water demand for primary vegetal products

<b>Products</b>	<b>Specific water demand (m<sup>3</sup>/t)</b>
<b>Apples</b>	<b>387</b>
<b>Bananas</b>	<b>499</b>
<b>Barley</b>	<b>1910</b>
<b>Dates</b>	<b>1660</b>
<b>Grapes</b>	<b>455</b>
<b>Grapefruit</b>	<b>286</b>
<b>Groundnuts</b>	<b>2547</b>
<b>Lemons, limes</b>	<b>344</b>
<b>Maize</b>	<b>710</b>
<b>Oats</b>	<b>2374</b>
<b>Olives</b>	<b>2500</b>
<b>Onions</b>	<b>168</b>

Source: FAO, WATER COUNCIL, 2003

**Virtual water is the water “embodied” in a product, not in real sense, but in virtual sense.**

**It refers to the water needed for the production of the product.**

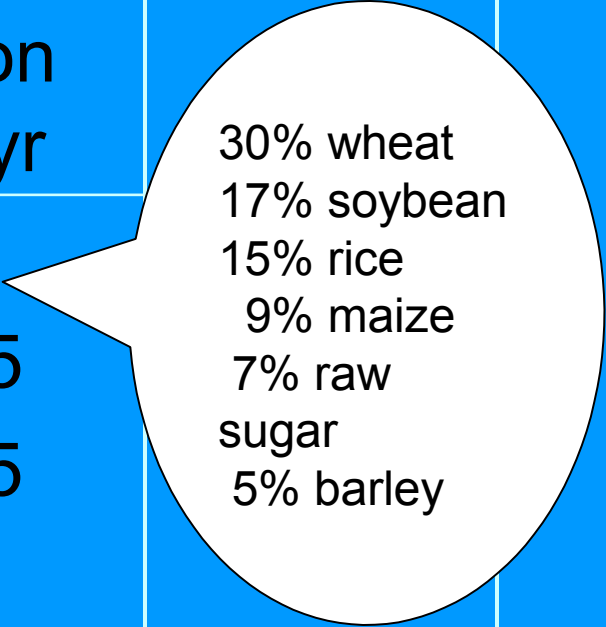
**Arien Hoekstra (2004)**

# Global virtual water trade between nations (1995-1999)

	Volume billion m <sup>3</sup> /yr	Percentage %
Crops and crop products	695	67
Livestock and livestock products	245	23
Industrial products	100	10
Total	1040	100



# Global virtual water trade between nations (1995-1999)

	Volume billion m <sup>3</sup> /yr	Percentage	
Crops and crop products	695	 <p>30% wheat 17% soybean 15% rice 9% maize 7% raw sugar 5% barley</p>	
Livestock and livestock products	245		
Industrial products	100		
Total	1040		100

[Hoekstra, 2003]

# Global virtual water trade between nations (1995-1999)

	Volume billion m <sup>3</sup> /yr	
Crops and crop products	695	34% bovine meat 16% bovine hides and leather 12% cow milk & milk products 10% swine and its products 8% live bovine 4% sheep and its products
Livestock and livestock products	245	
Industrial products	100	
Total	1040	

[Hoekstra, 2003]

# Global virtual water trade between nations (1995-1999)

	Volume billion m <sup>3</sup> /yr	Percentage %
Crops and crop products	695	67
Livestock and livestock products	245	23
Industrial products	100	10
Total	1040	100

**= 16% of global water  
use!**

[Hoekstra,  
2003]

# Virtual water trade balances of thirteen world regions (1995-1999)



# 1. Virtual water: *an alternative source of water*

Many national economies depend on (net) import of virtual water. For the period 1995-99:

Jordan	80%	Italy	20%
Netherlands	80%	Egypt	20%
Japan	40%	South Africa	20%
Tunisia	50%	China	4%

## 2. Virtual water trade: *global water savings*

Much of the international virtual water trade takes place from nations where water productivity is relatively high to nations where water productivity is relatively low.

→ global real water saving!

450 billion m<sup>3</sup>/yr saving due to global food trade  
**= 8% of global water use for crop production!**

[Oki *et al.*, 2003]

## Population and surface under irrigation in selected countries of the Mediterranean region (2000 – 2025)

<b>Country</b>	<b>Population x 1000 (2000)</b>	<b>Population x 1000 (2025)</b>	<b>Irrigated surface has x 1000 (2000)</b>	<b>Irrigated surface has x 1000 (2025)</b>
<b>Morocco</b>	<b>29231</b>	<b>40280</b>	<b>1313</b>	<b>1552</b>
<b>Algeria</b>	<b>30463</b>	<b>42871</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>425</b>
<b>Tunisia</b>	<b>9563</b>	<b>12028</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>560</b>
<b>Egypt</b>	<b>67285</b>	<b>101092</b>	<b>2650</b>	<b>3100</b>
<b>Israel</b>	<b>6084</b>	<b>8734</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>193</b>
<b>Jordan</b>	<b>4972</b>	<b>8134</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>395</b>
<b>Lebanon</b>	<b>3398</b>	<b>4297</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>85</b>
<b>Syria</b>	<b>16813</b>	<b>28081</b>	<b>1280</b>	<b>1780</b>
<b>Turkey</b>	<b>63234</b>	<b>90565</b>	<b>2679</b>	<b>3595</b>
<b>Greece</b>	<b>10975</b>	<b>11173</b>	<b>1500</b>	<b>1500</b>
<b>Cyprus</b>	<b>786</b>	<b>1014</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>39</b>
<b>Malta</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>0,763</b>	<b>0,763</b>
<b>Italia</b>	<b>57715</b>	<b>56307</b>	<b>3110</b>	<b>3020</b>
<b>Francia</b>	<b>59278</b>	<b>63407</b>	<b>1400</b>	<b>1400</b>
<b>España</b>	<b>40717</b>	<b>44244</b>	<b>3840</b>	<b>4020</b>
<b>Portugal</b>	<b>10225</b>	<b>10924</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>820</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>411131</b>	<b>523583</b>	<b>19804,763</b>	<b>22484,763</b>

**A real experience:  
water demands in river Segura  
basin (Spain)**







# Practical references

- **Per caput gross urban demand: 109,5 m<sup>3</sup>/year**
- **Per hectare gross irrigation demand: 6.176 m<sup>3</sup>/year**
- **Gross industrial demand: 8 % of urban demand**







## Theoretical water demands for main uses in selected countries of Mediterranean region (2000)

Country	Population x 1000	Irrigated land has x 1000	Water Demands Km <sup>3</sup> /year		
			Urban	Agrarian	Industrial
Morocco	29231	1313	3,2007945	8,109088	0,25606356
Algeria	30463	385	3,3356985	2,37776	0,26685588
Tunisia	9563	410	1,0471485	2,53216	0,08377188
Egypt	67285	2650	7,3677075	16,3664	0,5894166
Israel	6084	193	0,666198	1,191968	0,05329584
Jordan	4972	154	0,544434	0,951104	0,04355472
Lebanon	3398	101	0,372081	0,623776	0,02976648
Syria	16813	1280	1,8410235	7,90528	0,14728188
Turkey	63234	2679	6,924123	16,545504	0,55392984
Greece	10975	1500	1,2017625	9,264	0,096141
Cyprus	786	39	0,086067	0,240864	0,00688536
Malta	392	0,763	0,042924	0,00471229	0,00343392
Italia	57715	3110	6,3197925	19,20736	0,5055834
Francia	59278	1400	6,490941	8,6464	0,51927528
España	40717	3840	4,4585115	23,71	0,35668092
Portugal	10225	750	1,1196375	4,632	0,089571
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>411131</b>	<b>19804,763</b>	<b>45,0188445</b>	<b>122,314216</b>	<b>3,60150756</b>

## Theoretical water demands for main uses in selected countries of Mediterranean region (2025)

Country	Population x 1000	Irrigated land has x 1000	Water Demands Km <sup>3</sup> /year		
			Urban	Agrarian	Industrial
Morocco	40280	1552	4,41066	9,585152	0,3528528
Algeria	42871	425	4,6943745	2,6248	0,37554996
Tunisia	12028	560	1,317066	3,45856	0,10536528
Egypt	101092	3100	11,069574	19,1456	0,88556592
Israel	8734	193	0,956373	1,191968	0,07650984
Jordan	8134	395	0,890673	2,43952	0,07125384
Lebanon	4297	85	0,4705215	0,52496	0,03764172
Syria	28081	1780	3,0748695	10,99328	0,24598956
Turkey	90565	3595	9,9168675	22,20272	0,7933494
Greece	11173	1500	1,2234435	9,264	0,09787548
Cyprus	1014	39	0,111033	0,240864	0,00888264
Malta	432	0,763	0,047304	0,00471229	0,00378432
Italia	56307	3020	6,1656165	18,65152	0,49324932
Francia	63407	1400	6,9430665	8,6464	0,55544532
España	44244	4020	4,844718	24,82752	0,38757744
Portugal	10924	820	1,196178	5,06432	0,09569424
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>523583</b>	<b>22484,763</b>	<b>57,3323385</b>	<b>138,865896</b>	<b>4,58658708</b>

## **Water renewable resources, water withdrawal, water consume and theoretical Demands of water in selected countries of Mediterranean Region (2000) (km<sup>3</sup>/year)**

<b>Country</b>	<b>WRR</b>	<b>WW</b>	<b>WC</b>	<b>TD</b>
Morocco	29	11,7	7,75	11,56
Algeria	13,9	5,91	2,9	5,98
Tunisia	4,59	3,14	2,63	3,66
Egypt	58,3	54,3	38	24,32
Israel	2	2,03	1,3	1,91
Jordan	1	1,19	0,66	1,53
Lebanon	4	1,75	1,05	1,02
Syria	26	11,6	8,2	9,89
Turkey	229	35	21,3	24,02
Greece	74	8,7	na	10,56
Cyprus	0,2	0,211	Na	0,33
Malta	0,05	0,055	Na	0,05
Italy	191	56,6	29,2	26,03
France	204	37,7	10,5	15,65
Spain	112	44,1	25,1	28,53
Portugal	69	8,3	4,43	5,84
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1.018,04</b>			<b>170, 93</b>

## **Water renewable resources, water withdrawal, water consume and theoretical Demands of water in selected countries of Mediterranean Region (2025) (km<sup>3</sup>/year)**

<b>Country</b>	<b>WRR</b>	<b>WW</b>	<b>WC</b>	<b>TD</b>
Morocco	29	15,1	10,3	14,34
Algeria	13,9	9,9	4,24	7,69
Tunisia	4,59	3,5	2,89	4,88
Egypt	58,3	67,7	40,4	31,10
Israel	2	2,3	1,3	2,22
Jordan	1	2,5	1,44	3,40
Lebanon	4	3	1,49	1,03
Syria	26	17,9	11,8	14,31
Turkey	229	50,1	28,7	32,91
Greece	74	na	na	10,58
Cyprus	0,2	na	na	0,36
Malta	0,05	Na	na	0,055
Italy	191	58,9	27,3	25,31
France	204	42,2	12	16,14
Spain	112	50	27	30,06
Portugal	69	8,5	4,63	6,35
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1.018,04</b>			<b>200,78</b>

# **LEGAL NATURE OF WATER**

**In general, it is accepted all over the region that water is a natural wealth under the authority of State.**

**The main problem is to harmonize this principle with traditional rules into rural colectivities.**



# **WATER IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT**

- **PUBLIC ADMINISTRATIONS**

- **WUOs:**

- **User communities**
- **User associations**
- **Irrigation and drainage district**
- **Irrigator communities**
- **Syndical associations**
- **Public interest associations**

## **MAIN TASKS OF WUOs**

**Frequently, WUOs are very close to the Public Administrations and collaborate in water distribution.**

**The management of water into irrigation districts are one of the most important tasks.**

**Often, they are responsible of operations and maintenance of irrigation districts.**

# **STRUCTURE OF WUOs**

**The structure of WUOs, mainly, consist in:**

- **General assembly**
- **President or legal representative**
- **Executive body**
- **Discipline body**
- **Administrative staff**
- **(Technical staff)**

**Thanks for your attention**

